Climate and Energy Efficiency Solutions in Corporate Practices and Infrastructure Projects

November 15 Friday



10:00 - 11:45

SESSION «ENERGY TRANSITION AND SUSTAINABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT»

The project «Energy Transition and Sustainable Energy Development» of the UN Global Compact Network Russia was launched in 2024 to promote the development of practices and technologies aimed at decarbonizing the energy sector in Russia, developing regulated and voluntary markets for Russian «green» instruments (green certificates and carbon units), and engaging UN Global Compact members in activities aimed at supporting the energy transition.

11:50 - 13:05

CLIMATE AND ENERGY EFFICIENT SOLUTIONS IN CORPORATE PRACTICES AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

13:15 - 14:15

OPEN DIALOGUE "THE RUSSIAN COAL INDUSTRY IN THE CONTEXT OF GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE»

As a result of the closure of unprofitable mines, the Russian coal industry, despite the 1998 crisis, has become a privately owned, profitable industry, mainly oriented towards the Asia-Pacific markets. As the most affordable fossil fuel, Russian coal contributes significantly to the fight against energy poverty.

At the same time, the coal industry continues to play an important role in ensuring the country's energy security in Siberia and the Far East. The shift of the resource base to the East, as well as new mining and transport technologies, significantly reduce the environmental impact.





Friday

Ecosystem Restoration, Biodiversity Conservation, and Enhancing Resilience in Agricultural and Food Security Systems



15:00 - 16:15

SESSION «THE INTERDEPENDENCE OF ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION, BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION, AND RESILIENCE ENHANCEMENT IN AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SECURITY SYSTEMS IN THE CONTEXT OF CLIMATE CHANGE»

Key Priorities and Opportunities for Sustaining Ecosystems, Biodiversity, Food, and Agricultural Security, and Reducing Vulnerability of Indigenous Communities in the Face of Climate Change.

Exploring the potential and pivotal role of coordinating international projects and national contributions toward the protection, restoration, and sustainable use of ecosystems.

Highlights from the 16th Meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the UN Convention on Biological Diversity (Cali, Colombia, October 21 – November 1, 2024) UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration Initiatives

16:30 - 18:00

OPEN DIALOGUE «FOOD SECURITY AND INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IN THE CONTEXT OF CLIMATE CHANGE»

Considering climate change, ecology, flora, and fauna, sustainable food systems of indigenous peoples play a crucial role in ensuring food security. Participants in the discussion will address measures that indigenous peoples, the government, and businesses can take to preserve traditional food systems, particularly focusing on support for the competitiveness of traditional livelihoods such as hunting, reindeer herding, and fishing.

18:15 - 20:00

SESSION «FOODSHARING AS A SOCIALLY AND ENVIRONMENTALLY PURPOSED TECHNOLOGY TO SUBSTANTIATE CLIMATE ADAPTATION»

Foodsharing is one of the core technologies instrumental to adapt to climate change and deliver the Global Goals. Redistribution of uncliamed foods still within their shelf life towards those in need (including in times of emergencies that are getting more frequent and of higher scale, while breaking nromal supply chains) brings down both the organic wastes and natural resources used in agriculture and foods sectors. A leading role in delivering the environmental and social mission of the foodsharing is to be played by food banks.



